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# **Mechatronic Systems: Solution of Exercise 4**

**Course VU 376.050 (4 SWS, 6 ECTS)**  
**Winter semester 2015**

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# Problem (a)(b)-(i) : Transfer functions

## ■ Differential equation

$$m\ddot{x}_m + c(\dot{x}_m - \dot{x}_f) + k(x_m - x_f) = F$$

## ■ Laplace transformation

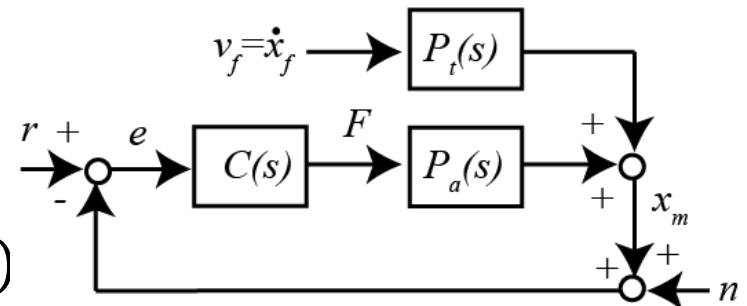
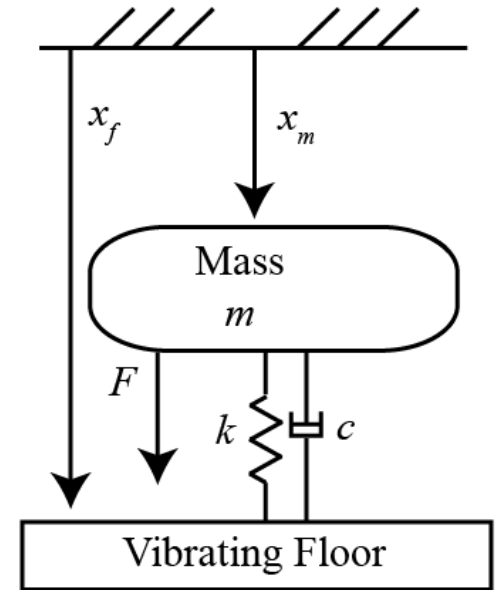
$$x_m = \frac{1}{ms^2 + cs + k} F(s) + \frac{cs + k}{ms^2 + cs + k} \frac{s}{s} x_f$$

$$x_m = \underbrace{\frac{1}{ms^2 + cs + k}}_{P_a(s)} F(s) + \underbrace{\frac{cs + k}{ms^3 + cs^2 + ks}}_{P_t(s)} v_f$$

## ■ Transfer functions

$$P_n(s) = \frac{x_m}{n} = -\frac{C(s)P_a(s)}{1 + C(s)P_a(s)} = -T(s)$$

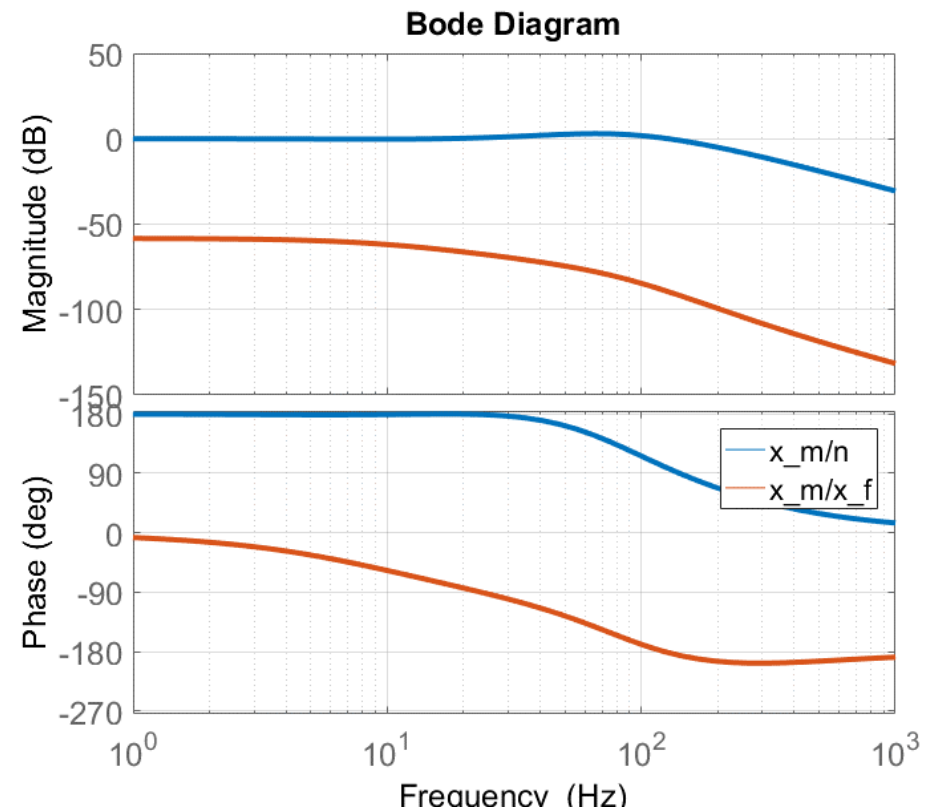
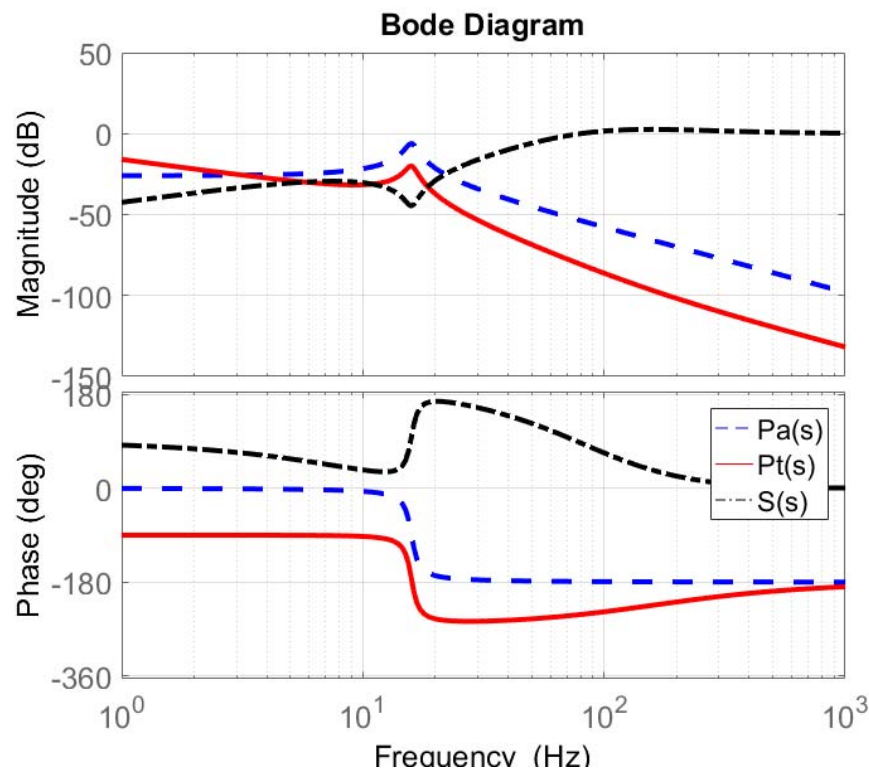
$$P_{vf}(s) = \frac{x_m}{v_f} = \frac{P_t(s)}{1 + C(s)P_a(s)} = P_t(s)S(s)$$



# Problem (a)-(ii): Bode plot

$$P_n(s) = \frac{x_m}{n} = -T(s)$$

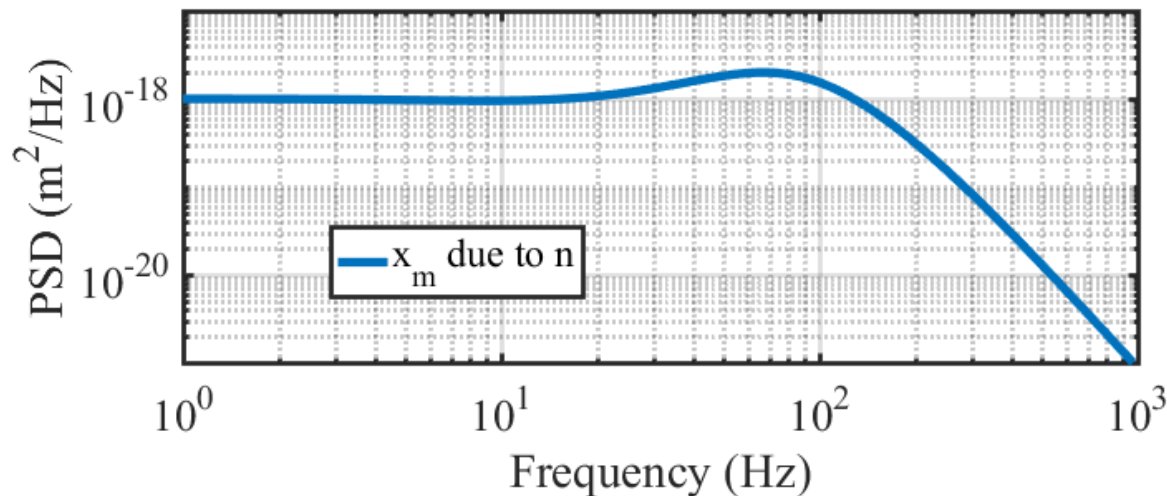
$$P_{vf}(s) = \frac{x_m}{v_f} = P_t(s)S(s)$$



# Problem (a)-(iii) (iv): PSD & Resolution

## ■ PSD of $x_m$

$$\begin{aligned} PSD_{x_{m,n}}(f) &= |P_n(f)|^2 PSD_n(f) \quad (\text{m}^2/\text{Hz}) \\ &= |T(f)|^2 PSD_n(f) \end{aligned}$$



$$PSD_n(f) = (1\text{nm}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}})^2$$

| Param. | Description              |
|--------|--------------------------|
| $n$    | 1 nm/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |

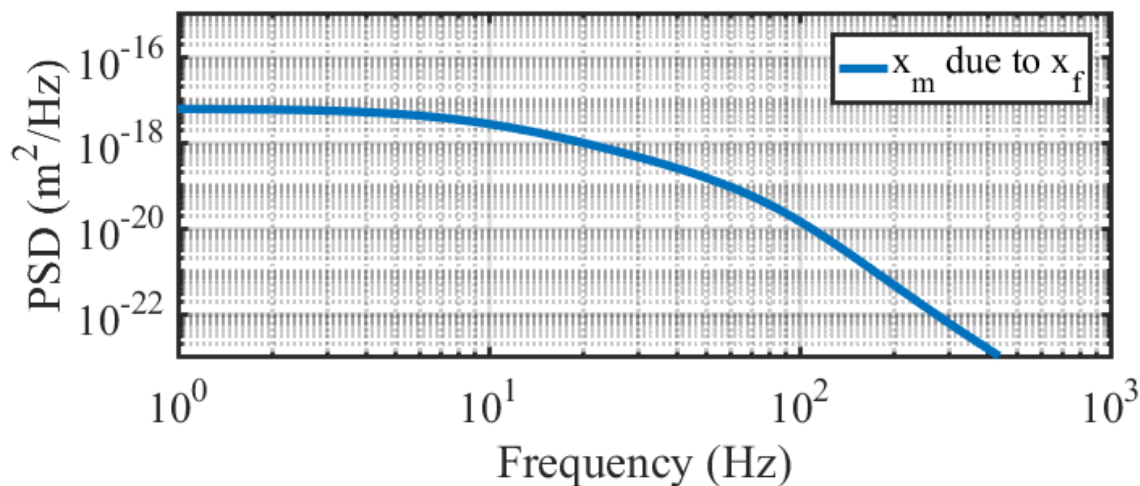
## ■ Resolution (standard deviation)

$$x_{m,n} = \sqrt{\int_{1\text{Hz}}^{1\text{kHz}} PSD_{x_{m,n}}(f) df} = 16.1 \text{ nm}$$

# Problem (a)-(v) : Resolution due to $v_f$

## ■ PSD of $x_m$

$$PSD_{x_m, v_f}(f) = |P_{v_f}(f)|^2 PSD_{v_f}(f) \quad (\text{m}^2/\text{Hz})$$



$$PSD_{v_f}(f) = \left(2 \left(\frac{\mu\text{m}}{\text{s}}\right) / \sqrt{\text{Hz}}\right)^2$$

| Param. | Description                                 |
|--------|---------------------------------------------|
| $v_f$  | $2 (\mu\text{m}/\text{s})/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |

## ■ Resolution (standard deviation)

$$x_{m, v_f} = \sqrt{\int_{1\text{Hz}}^{1\text{kHz}} PSD_{x_m, v_f}(f) df} = 8.45 \text{ nm}$$

# Problem (a)-(vi) : Overall resolution

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- Total positioning resolution

$$x_m = \sqrt{x_{m,n}^2 + x_{m,vf}^2} = 18.8 \text{ nm}$$

# Problem (a) -(vii) : Relation with B/W

## ■ Simulated resolution

| $\omega_c$ | Resolution |            |         |
|------------|------------|------------|---------|
|            | $x_{m,n}$  | $x_{m,vf}$ | $x_m$   |
| 100 Hz     | 16.1 nm    | 8.45 nm    | 18.8 nm |
| 50 Hz      | 10.1 nm    | 42.5 nm    | 43.8 nm |

- By decreasing the control bandwidth, the floor vibration dominates the overall resolution.

# Problem (a) -(vii) : Relation with B/W

## ■ PSDs

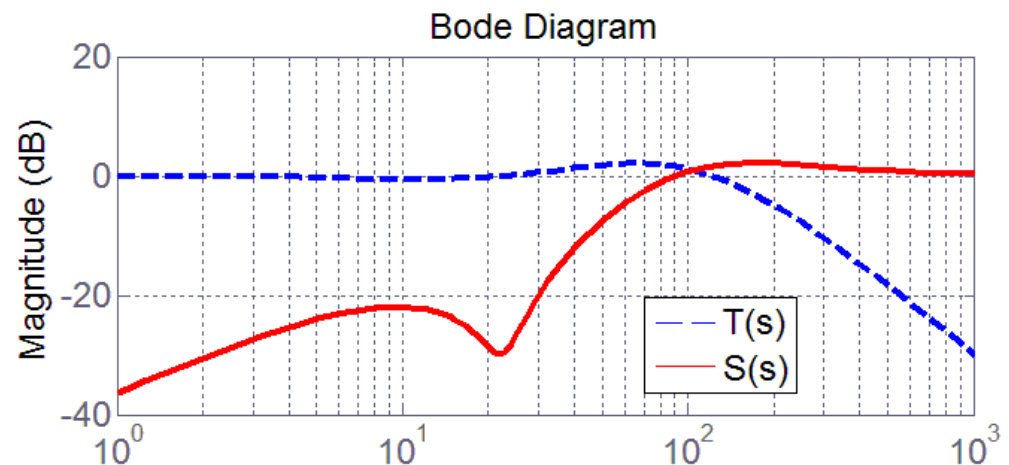
$$PSD_{x_m,n}(f) = |P_n(f)|^2 PSD_n(f), \quad PSD_{x_m,v_f}(f) = |P_{v_f}(f)|^2 PSD_n(f)$$

## ■ Transfer functions

$$P_n(s) = \frac{x_m}{n} = -T(s)$$

$$P_{v_f}(s) = \frac{x_m}{v} = P_t(s)S(s)$$

$$S(s) + T(s) = 1$$



## ■ Increased control bandwidth

- Floor vibrations are better rejected, **improving resolution**.
- Feedback control pick up more sensor noise **degrading resolution**.



**Design trade-off to determine B/W**